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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/031,668	01/18/2002	Stefan Lundgren	230.014	6841
75	90 07/28/2006	EXAMINER		
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250 East Wisco		3714	3714	
Milwaukee, WI 53202			DATE MAILED: 07/28/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/031,668	LUNDGREN ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Sunit Pandya	3714				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
	• •	NIVIO OCT TO EXPIDE AMONTH	(C) OR THREY (20) DAVC				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Isions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state eply received by the Office later than three months after the main and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from tute, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26	S January 2006.					
· -	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,7-16,21-26,28-42 and 44-60</u> is/are pending in the application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,7-16,21-26,28-42 and 44-60</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ol>						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
	see the attached detailed Office action for a f	ist of the certified copies not receive	eu.				
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice	S)   Netice of Informal Beauth Application (BTO 452)						
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Amendment

1. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on January 26th, 2006, in which applicant responded to claim rejections and amended claims according.

Claims 1-5 and 7-16, 21-26, 28-42, 44-60 are pending.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 55 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 55 recites the limitation "said shortcomings" in the second line of the claimed limitations. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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4. Claims 1-5, 11, 15, 16, 21-26, 32, 36-42, 44, 49, 53-56 and 59-60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shea (U.S. Patent No. 6,050,924).

Shea discloses a system for registering and analyzing data from a practiced stage, and for generating action programs in dependence of the performed analysis as recited in claims 1, 21, 22 and 38. The disclosed system comprises:

means for registering a result data for one or more predetermined parameters from one or several performed stages (keypad 207, pulse monitor 210 of Figure 2 along with the related description thereof, wherein result data for a predetermined parameter, e.g., practitioner pulse rate or exercise level, are registered for performed stages or exercises);

means for calculating, for each of the parameters, a characteristics measurement value for a predetermined characteristics measurement (Figure 11A along with the related description thereof, wherein a characteristics measurement value, e.g., pulse rate, is calculated as a current exercise or fitness level);

means for generating a characteristics profile by compiling the calculated characteristics measurement values (Figure 11A along with the related description thereof, wherein a characteristics profile is generated by compiling the calculated characteristics, e.g., pulse rate and wherein the characteristics profile includes profile data regarding the practitioner, e.g., current exercise or fitness level, and used in the selection of an exercise program as described in col. 12, lines 31-45);

means for generating a comparison profile by comparing the characteristics profile with a pre-stored normal profile (col. 12, line 65 to col. 13, line 9, wherein the practitioner's current

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exercise or fitness level and heart rate are compared to a pre-stored normal profile or recommended exercise or fitness level); and

means for selecting, from a plurality of pre-stored action programs, based on the characteristics profile or comparison profile, a pre-stored action program adapted for overcoming shortcomings representative of the comparison profile or the characteristics profile (col. 6, lines 45-52 and lines 61-66 and col. 24, lines 27-54, wherein a pre-stored action program or exercise program is automatically selected from a plurality of such programs based on one of the characteristics profile, or current exercise or fitness level of the practitioner, and the comparison profile, or recommended exercise or fitness level).

Regarding claim 38, Shea disclose means for selecting, using at least one of the characteristics profile and the comparison profile, a pre-stored action program, wherein the prestored action program is configured to convey a practitioner a plurality of steps or instructions directed toward converging (a) a subsequent characteristics profile, generated from characteristics measurement values calculated using data from at least one future practiced stage, toward (b) the pre-stored normal profile (col. 6, lines 45-52 and lines 61-66, wherein a pre-stored action program or exercise program is automatically selected from a plurality of such programs based on one of the characteristics profile, or current exercise or fitness level of the practitioner, and the comparison profile, or recommended exercise or fitness level and wherein the exercise program conveys a plurality of steps or instructions to the practitioner as described in col. 10, lines 27-58 and col. 11, lines 44-48 to obtain the recommended exercise or fitness level).

Regarding claims 2, 23 and 39, Shea discloses presentation means for graphically presenting the comparison profile on a presentation unit (displays 266 and 280 of Figure 8A

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along with the related description thereof, wherein the display 266 displays a monitored pulse rate and display 280 displays instructions or feedback to a practitioner to obtain a recommended exercise or fitness level and Figure 6 along with the related description thereof, wherein instructions or feedback are presented to the practitioner).

Regarding claims 3, 24 and 40, Shea discloses comparison means for generating a comparison profile by applying a predetermined mathematical operation to the characteristics profile and the normal profile (col. 12, line 65 to col. 13, line 9, wherein the practitioner's current exercise or fitness level and heart rate are compared to a pre-stored normal profile or recommended exercise or fitness level by applying a predetermined mathematical operation, e.g., subtracting the practitioner's age from 220 to obtain a maximum pulse rate).

Regarding claims 4, 25 and 41, Shea discloses comparison means for generating a comparison profile, in the form of a difference profile, by calculating the difference between characteristics measurement values for each parameter of the characteristics profile and the normal profile, respectively (col. 12, line 65 to col. 13, line 9, wherein the practitioner's current exercise or fitness level and heart rate are compared to a pre-stored normal profile or recommended exercise or fitness level).

Regarding claims 5, 26 and 42, Shea discloses presentation means for presenting the comparison profile so that a current characteristics measurement value and a normal characteristics measurement value can be visualized in the same diagram (displays 304 and 305 of Figure 7 along with the related description thereof, wherein display 305 presents a current characteristics measurement value, e.g., current exercise or fitness level, and display 304

presents a normal characteristics value, e.g., recommended exercise or fitness level, on the same display). Also see col. 22, lines 48-62.

Regarding claims 11, 32 and 49, Shea discloses presentation means for presenting the comparison profile on the presentation unit in the form of a bar diagram having one bar for each game parameter, where bar height corresponds to the characteristics measurement value (Figure 6 along with the related description thereof, wherein each bar of Figure 6 represents an exercise or fitness level and wherein bar height corresponds to exercise or fitness level difficulty). Also see col. 22, lines 48-62.

Regarding claims 15 and 36, Shea discloses means for storing characteristics measurement values in a memory (memory 203, 205 and 212 of Figure 5 along with the related description thereof and col. 6, line 61 to col. 7, line 5).

Regarding claims 16 and 37, Shea discloses means for storing characteristics profiles in a memory (memory 203, 205 and 212 of Figure 5 along with the related description thereof, col. 6, line 61 to col. 7, line 5 and Figure 11A along with the related description thereof).

Regarding claim 44, Shea discloses means for visually presenting instructions and figures associated with the current action program (displays 304 and 305 of Figure 7 along with the related description thereof, wherein display 305 presents a current characteristics measurement value, e.g., current exercise or fitness level, and display 304 presents a normal characteristics value, e.g., recommended exercise or fitness level, on the same display). See also Figures 6 and 8A along with the related description thereof.

Regarding claims 53, 59 and 60, Shea discloses that the selection of the action program is automatic (col. 6, lines 45-52 and lines 61-66 and col. 24, lines 27-54, wherein a pre-stored

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action program or exercise program is automatically selected from a plurality of such programs based on one of the characteristics profile, or current exercise or fitness level of the practitioner, and the comparison profile, or recommended exercise or fitness level).

Regarding claim 54, Shea discloses that the action program comprises a training model having one or more pre-stored instructions to perform at least one exercise to overcome at least one of the shortcomings (col. 7, line 51 to 64 and col. 24, line 55 to col. 25, line 31, wherein the exercise program selected includes a training model having one or more pre-stored instructions to perform at least one exercise to overcome at least one of the shortcomings, e.g., for the practitioner to select workouts or exercises suited for tennis or golf).

Regarding claim 55, Shea discloses that the shortcoming comprises an illustration or display depicting as a percentage of a correct or incorrect data result relative to normal profile (col. 24, line 55 to col. 25, line 54, wherein the exercise program the training includes comparison between the practitioner working out and the normal level).

Regarding claim 56, Shea discloses a keyboard (508) for data entry, a processor (501) for performing the calculating, profiling, comparing and selecting of the above-described profiles and action program(s), and a database (507) for storing the reference profiles or recommended exercise or fitness levels in Figure 10 along with the related description thereof. As described in col. 6, lines 45-52 and lines 61-66 and col. 24, lines 27-54, Shea discloses that processor 501 automatically selects a pre-stored action program or exercise program from a plurality of such programs stored in database 507 based on one of the characteristics profile, or current exercise or fitness level of the practitioner, and the comparison profile, or recommended exercise or fitness level.

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 7-10, 12, 28-31, 33, 45-48 and 50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shea in view of Gatts (U.S. Patent No. 3,675,640).

Shea teach the system of independent claims 1, 21, 22 and 38 as detailed above.

Specifically, Shea teach a system wherein a pre-stored action program or exercise program is automatically selected from a plurality of such programs based on one of the characteristics profile, or current exercise or fitness level of the practitioner, and the comparison profile, or recommended exercise or fitness level (col. 6, lines 45-52 and lines 61-66 and col. 24, lines 27-54). However, Shea does not explicitly teach deriving the normal characteristics profile, or recommended exercise or fitness level including pulse rate, from an average practitioner within a group of practitioners with common properties as recited in claims 7, 8, 28, 29, 45 and 46. In a related exercise program system, Gatts teaches comparing an exerciser's current fitness or health level against a pre-established norm for a person of that type (col. 3, lines 3-6) to develop an optimized exercise program for the exerciser. Further, Gatts teaches that the pre-established norm for a person is based on normal population coefficients (col. 3, lines 49-50) that have been derived from past research test data (col. 3, line 72 to col. 4, line 21). The "pre-established norm for a person of that type" as taught by Gatts is based on an average person within a group of

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people having common properties, such as age or health status (col. 3, lines 8-11). Gatts teaches that comparing the exerciser's current fitness or health level against a pre-established norm for a person of that type (col. 3, lines 3-6) helps to determine the most appropriate exercising device or program (col. 6, lines 63-64). It would have been obvious for one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the pre-established norm for a person of that type selected from a group of people with common properties as taught by Gatts into the exercise system of Shea in order to select the most appropriate exercising device or program as taught by Gatts at col. 6, lines 63-64.

Regarding claims 9, 30 and 47, the combination of Shea and Gatts teaches that the practitioner is a sports practitioner wherein the stage is a game round of the sport (col. 24, lines 55-59 of Shea), the parameter is a game parameter (col. 25, lines 13-15 of Shea, wherein the game parameter for a runner is time running a race or marathon) and the action program is a training model for improvement of the practitioner's player properties within the sport (col. 24. line 55 to col. 25, line 31 of Shea).

Regarding claims 10, 31 and 48, the combination of Shea and Gatts teaches means for entering player data for the sports practitioner, wherein the normal profile is based on corresponding player data, e.g., age (col. 3, lines 3-11 of Gatts).

Regarding claims 12, 33 and 50, the combination of Shea and Gatts teaches presentation means for presenting the comparison profile on the presentation unit in the form of a curve chart (col. 3, lines 3-20 of Gatts, wherein the exerciser's current fitness or health level is compared in curve chart format against a pre-established norm for a person of that type so that the exerciser can be presented with the comparison.

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### Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 13, 14, 34, 35, 51, 52, 57 and 58 would be allowable if rewritten to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: A thorough search of the prior art fails to disclose any reference or references, which, taken alone or in combination, teach or suggest, in combination with the other limitations, game parameters which are various shot types and the characteristics measurement in the average number of shots per round.

### Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 1/26/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicant argues that Shea does not teach a reference database containing a prestored normal characteristics profile. The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant and would like to bring column 12, line 65 to column 13, line 9 to the applicant's attention, wherein the practitioner's current exercise or fitness level and heart rate are compared to a pre-stored normal profile or recommended exercise program which is determined by the system control program of central computer or the fitness consultant, wherein there is a data base that contains pre-stored characteristics profile.

The applicant argues that Shea does not disclose or suggest a comparison device devised to generate a comparison profile by comparing characteristics profile with the pre-stored normal

characters profile. The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant and would like to bring the applicant's attention to column 12, line 65 to column 13, line 9, wherein the practitioner's current exercise or fitness level and heart rate are compared to a pre-stored normal profile or recommended exercise or fitness level.

The applicant argues that Gatts fails to disclose any kind of an action program. The applicant respectfully disagrees with the applicant. The combination of Shea and Gatts teaches a system wherein a pre-stored action program or exercise program is automatically selected from a plurality of such programs based on one of the characteristics profile (Shea col. 6, lines 45-52 and lines 61-66 and col. 24, lines 27-54).

The applicant argues that Gatts fails to disclose a comparison device, connected to the profile generation device and reference database, and devised to generate a comparison profile by comparing characteristics profile with pre stored normal characteristics profile. The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant. The combination of Shea and Gatts disclose a processor (Shea figure 5, element 201) where the comparison profile can be generated by comparing characteristics profile and pre-stored normal profile.

The applicant argues that Gatts does not disclose or teach a selection device devised to select, in dependence of characteristics profile or comparison profile, from a multitude of prestored action programs, an action program adapted for overcoming shortcomings. The examiner agrees with the applicant that Gatts does not disclose this, however as stated above in the rejection Shea does infect discloses a selection device devised to select a pre-stored program adapted to overcome the shortcomings. Shea discloses that the action program comprises a training model having one or more pre-stored instructions to perform at least one exercise to

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overcome at least one of the shortcomings (col. 7, line 51 to 64 and col. 24, line 55 to col. 25, line 31, wherein the exercise program selected includes a training model having one or more prestored instructions to perform at least one exercise to overcome at least one of the shortcomings, e.g., for the practitioner to select workouts or exercises suited for tennis or golf).

The applicant argues that Shea does not disclose anything corresponding to a training model that conveys steps or instructions to the practiser intended to help the practiser subsequently perform better in a sport having rounds. The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant. Columns 24 and 25, lines 55 to 31 of Shea reference discloses training model or programs that are intended to help the practiser perform better in a selected sport. Wherein the sports examples provided are soccer, tennis, golf, basketball, hockey, baseball, skiing, etc.

Consequently, for the reason provided above, the rejection is maintained.

### Conclusion

9. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sunit Pandya whose telephone number is (571) 272-2823. The examiner can normally be reached on M - F: 7:30 am - 5 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert OLSZEWSKI can be reached on (571) 272-6788. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SP

CORRETT B. COBURN PRIMARY EXAMINER

Inter Allen